| INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Class: XI | Department: SCIENCE 2024-25 <br> SUBJECT: ENGINEERING GRAPHICS | Date of <br> submission:23.05.2024 |
| Worksheet No: 2 <br> WITH ANSWERS | UNIT 2: CIRCLES \& ITS CIRCUMFERENCES |  |$\quad$ Note: | A4 FILE FORMAT |
| :--- |
| NAME OF THE STUDENT |
| CLASS \& SEC: XI C/G |

## MULTIPLE CHOICE OUESTIONS

1. Half of diameter is called $\qquad$
a) Tranversal
b) Radius
c) Sector
d) Tangent
2.The diameter divides the circle into two equal halves , and each of them is called----------
a) Chord
b) Semi circle
c) Quadrant
d) Secant
3.Circles having a common centre is called
a) Transversal
b) Eccentric circles
c)Concentric circles
d)None of the above
2. In engineering graphics many machine parts such as bearings, pulleys and gears are --------- in shape.
a) Circular
b) Triangular
c) Hexagonal
d) Pentagonal
5.The angle in a semi circle will be a --------
a) Acute angle
b) Right angle
c) Obtuse angle
d) None of the above
6.For the construction of a regular pentagon the angle is $\qquad$
a) 108 degree
b) 120 degree
c) 90 degree
d) 180 degree
3. For the construction of a regular hexagon the angle is $\qquad$
a) 90 degree
b) 120 degree
c) 130 degree
d) None of the above
4. Match the LIST I with LIST II

| List I - Name of the <br> Polygon | List II - Interior angle |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.Hexagon | i.108 degree |
| 2. Pentagon | ii.140 degree |
| 3. Nonagon | iii.135 degree |
| 4. Octagon | iv.120 degree |

(a) 1-iii, 2-iv, 3-i, 4-ii
(b) 1-i, 2-iii, 3-ii, 4-iv
(c) 1-iv, 2-i, 3-ii, 4-iii
(d) 1-ii, 2-i, 3-iv, 4-iii

## DESCRIPTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Given the arc AB , complete the circle.
2. Find the centre of a given circle.
3. Draw a circle passing through three given points $A, B$ and $C$ which are not in a straight line.
4. Contruct a equilateral triangle of 60 mm and inscribe a circle in it.
5.Construct a square ABCD with diagonal $\mathrm{AC}=80 \mathrm{~mm}$ and inscribe a circle in it.
5. Construct a regular pentagon with base $\mathrm{AB}=50 \mathrm{~mm}$ using protractor, now inscribe a circle in it.
6. Construct a regular hexagon with base $\mathrm{AB}=40 \mathrm{~mm}$ using protractor, now inscribe a circle in it.
7. Circumscribe a circle about a regular pentagon ABCDE .

| ANSWER KEY - MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | b. Radius |
| 2 | b. Semicircle |
| 3 | c. Concentric circles |
| 4 | a. Circular |
| 5 | b. Right angle |
| 6 | a. 108 degree |
| 7 | b. 120 degree |
| 8 | c. 1-iv, 2-i, 3-ii, 4-iii |

## Answers - Descriptive Type Questions

1. Hint : Draw two chord in the arc,bisect and find the centre and complete the circle.

2. Hint : Draw two chords and bisect the chords to get centre of the circle.

3. Hint : Join 3 points A,B,C which are not in a straight line ,bisect the lines and with the centre O , draw the circle.

4. Hint : Draw equilateral triangle and bisect the angle and find the centre and inscribe a circle in it.

5. Hint: Draw a inclined square with diagonal $\mathrm{AC}=80 \mathrm{~mm}$, draw a perpendicular OE from the point $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}$ as Centre and OE as radius draw a circle inside the square.

6. Hint: Draw a regular pentagon using protractor and find the angle bisector of $\angle \mathrm{EAB}$ and $\angle A B C$ to intersect at $O$. From $O$ draw a perpendicular (OF) to side AB, Now with O as Centre and OF radius, draw a circle to touch all the sides of the pentagon.

7. Hint: Draw the regular hexagon whose base $\mathrm{AB}=40 \mathrm{~mm}$, join opposite corners to obtain the other two diagonals to cut at O . From O drop a perpendicular OG on side AB , Now O as Centre and OG radius draw the required circle.

8. 



| PREPARED BY: | CHECKED BY: |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ms. AISWARYA DEEPTHI.P | HoD SCIENCE |

